Thomas Rothschild, ed.: Wolf Biermann, Liedermacher und Sozialist

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The papers presented at these seminars reflected the maturity which scholarship on the GDR has attained in the past few years. Instead of posing standard questions concerning the degree of affinity between an author's work and the official cultural-political line, more differentiated critical models were proposed and fruitfully used. Juergen Hoegl's analysis of Ulrich Plenzdorf's *Die neuen Leiden des jungen W.*, for example, employed a semiotic/structuralist framework which enabled him to investigate the extent to which the intention of the novel was reflected in and supported by its linguistic and metaporphic structures. The broader context of pre-literary premises (influence of previous authors, works, etc.) and post-literary effects (reception) suggested by the model was unfortunately omitted due to the time restrictions which plagued the prose seminar to such an extent that the participants were rushed and the discussion by the audience was cut short.

Richard Zipser's contribution on the self-perception of contemporary writers in the GDR, based on interviews which he conducted, emphasized the broad spectrum of interests and concerns in recent literature there. His findings, which will eventually be published in a larger study, should provide extremely useful material for future research in this area. By concentrating on Volker Braun's "Unvollendete Geschichte" (considered by a majority of the respondents to be exemplary of recent trends), Zipser was able to mediate between the empirical data and their application. The unspoken "message" of this paper is that, as the authors' self-understanding in the GDR becomes more differentiated, the critical apparatus designed to interpret them will have to keep pace. Wulf Koepke's paper on the shift in the function of memory as narrative device, which showed that new "formal" methods were developed to correspond with the changing content in GDR novels, reinforced this impression of the seminar as a whole.

One frequently encounters the idea in the interview material that due to the more or less firmly established framework of a socialist society in the GDR the authors could turn to more specific problems; this also seems to have had its counterpart in the realm of aesthetics. In the seminar on literary criticism the papers by Sara Lennox (on Robert Weimann) and Peter Hohendahl (on the renewed discussion about Lukacs) dealt with phenomena which broadened the framework of that which is normally understood under Marxist aesthetics in the GDR. Again, evidently a position of relative security concerning their basic standpoint allowed these theoreticians in the GDR to discuss topics which for some time were considered "taboo". Weimann's (limited) incorporation of structuralist and "rezeptionsästhetische" theories into a Marxist framework could serve as paradigmatic. Joan Glick's contribution was an exception, but it provided useful background information on the effects of the 9th Party Congress on cultural policy.

As pointed out in the discussion, however, the re-evaluation of Lukacs' role in the development of GDR literary theory ignored -- as in the 50's -- his early work, in which the theory of reification and a critique of bureaucratization are presented, since particularly the latter is not necessarily bound to bourgeois societies and could be applied to the GDR as well. As the recent outing of Christa Wolf, Gunter de Bruyn and others from the board of the writers' congress would indicate, the base of socialism which has been attained is not yet secure enough to withstand constructive criticism from within.

Phil Brewster
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Greece, France, and Italy, deals with the spectrum of Biermann's political and artistic activities and/or the censorship thereof. The articles, interspersed with poems and songs by Biermann, represent various approaches to this controversial figure. Despite its qualitative unevenness this collection commands our attention as a resounding expression of international solidarity with Wolf Biermann against forces of bureaucratic dogmatism and the exclusion of certain undeniable spheres of human activity from the concerns of a society striving towards a better socialism. It is important to note that all of the contributors consider themselves committed socialists, regardless of the country from which they are writing. Their essays constitute a joint protest against Berufsverbote in whatever form and wherever they may be enacted. Precisely because of the broader implications and the pressing topicality of the case Wolf Biermann, and not the least because of the complete, very fine bibliography by Peter Keuer, we strongly recommend this book to readers of the GDR Bulletin.

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NOTES IN BRIEF

The collective from Antioch College, Ohio, that went to France, Italy, Yugoslavia, and the GDR (see September '76 issue of GDRB for details of trip) has produced a slide show (2 1/2 hrs.) which they have been showing at various colleges. General Topic: Socialism in these countries, about 50 minutes on the GDR. For further information contact Prof. Ludo Abicht, Dept. of Foreign Languages, Antioch College, Yellow Springs, Ohio 45387.

Lisa Kahn (Texas Southern University) will present a paper "From Time Immemorial to the GDR" in the section "East-West Express" at the 5th Annual Conference on Twentieth Century Literature at the University of Louisville, Ky., February 24-25, 1977. The paper will deal with Günter Kunert's six Orpheus poems from his poetry collection "Warnung vor Spiegeln".

"The Structure of Higher Education in the GDR" is the title of a working paper by Geoffrey J. Giles, Research Associate, who is affiliated with the Institution for Social and Policy Studies, Yale University, 1732 Yale Station, New Haven, Conn. 06520. It is part of this institution's Program of Comparative and Historical Studies of Higher Education.

The pamphlet "Education in a Socialist Country - The GDR's Education Policy" was published by the PANORAMA DDR - Auslandspressagentur, Redaktion "Aus erster Hand", GDR - 1054 Berlin, Wilhelm Pieck Strasse 49, as part of the series "First Hand Information". - General information on the GDR can be found in "GDR 76 - Facts and Figures" published by the same institution.

"Die DDR stellt sich vor" is the title of a small handbook published by Verlag Zeit im Bild, DDR - 801 Dresden, Julian-Grimau-Allee.

The excellent film based on Jurek Becker's novel "Jakob der Lügner" will be released in the U.S. at the end of January, 1977, and will be shown in commercial movie theaters.

Copies of Material Brecht: Kontradiktionen 1968-1976 (in German; $3.75) and Brecht/Thomas Brasch Cityscape (37 contemporary poems in English translation intended for dramatic reading; $3.60 regular, $2.50 student) as well as other materials from the 4th Congress of the International Brecht Society can be obtained by writing Betty Nance Weber, Dept. of Germanic Languages, U. of Texas at Austin, Austin, Texas 78712. Not available through book distributors.