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### **Recent Conferences**

various authors

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# FORTHCOMING CONFERENCES

NEW HAMPSHIRE SYMPOSIUM ON THE GDR

The 1980 New Hampshire Symposium on the GDR has been scheduled for the week June 13-20 at the World Fellowship Center near Conway. Papers are being solicited for this interdisciplinary symposium on the following topics:

The Teaching of GDR Literature and Culture Contemporary Music in the GDR Humor and Satire in GDR Culture and History Reception of GDR Literature in other Countries GDR Reception of Foreign Literature Economic, Social and Political Institutions in the GDR

Mass Media in the GDR GDR Poetry in the 1970's

Methods and Problems in Interpreting GDR Literature

Recent Developments in GDR Literature

Proposals and summaries of papers should be submitted to the respective workshop organizers by Feb. 15 and completed papers by April 30. For addresses of workshop organizers and additional information on the symposium please contact Christoph Schmauch

World Fellowship Center Conway, NH 03818

#### NEMLA

The 1980 Northeast Modern Languages Association convention, to be held at Southeastern Massachusetts University, North Dartmouth, MA, will include a section on literature of the GDR. The chair for this section will be Professor Erika Salloch, Department of Modern Languages, Washington College, Chestertown, Maryland 21620. Inquiries regarding papers should be addressed to her. The section "German Literature East and West" will apparently not be presented as a separate section this year, but will instead merge with "German Literature after 1945." This section will be chaired by Charlotte W. Koerner, Department of Modern Languages, Cleveland State University, Cleveland, OH 44115

## RECENT CONFERENCES

#### NEMLA

The "German Literature East and West" section of the NEMLA 1979 was chaired by Charlotte W. Koerner. The following papers were presented: Hannelore W. Lennig - "Günter Eich - 'Ryoanji'' Wolfgang Wittkowski - "Sarah Kirsch - Gedicht aus Katzenkopfpflaster"

Ingo Seidler = "'Todtnauberg' oder ist Celan
 interpretierbar?"

The session was well-attended.

Helene Scher chaired the section on Literature of the GDR. Four papers were presented:
Kathleen Bunten - "Anna Seghers' Die Entschei-

dung: In Support of a New Status Quo"
Marilyn S. Fries - "Die Schwierigkeit, 'ich'
zu sagen: The quest of Christa T. in
The Quest for Christa T."

Sara Lennox - "Maxie Wander's Guten Morgen, Du Schöne: Women in the GDR"

Richard J. Rundell - "Individual and Community in East German Science Fiction"

New Hampshire Symposium on the GDR

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The Fifth Annual Symposium on the GDR met June 15-21. A variety of topics were presented on the program:

Volker Gransow - "Political Culture in the GDR:
Propositions for Empirical Research"
Joan Ecklein - "The Changing Role of Men in the

Gail Hueting - "Literary Publishing Houses and the Publishing Process"

Nancy Condee - The Reciprocal Influence of the German and Russian Cultures"

Jeffrey Diefendorf - "The Teaching of History in the Polytechnical Schools"

Duncan Smith - "Soviet-GDR Interpenetration in Culture and Politics"

Margaret Morse - "The Changing Representation of Gender Relations in GDR Film".

Three seminars concerned with literary topics were also presented: the problem of tragedy in GDR literature, tradition and innovation in GDR poetry, and current trends in GDR literature. The program also included a workshop on the teaching of GDR culture and a discussion of pedagogical issues in the GDR.

DDR-Kolloquim '79

The 1979 "DDR-Kolloquim" organized by the Akademie der Wissenschaften der DDR-Berlin was held on June 19 and 20. The general topic discussed was "DDR-Literatur im internationalen Kontext". Various specialized sections which met to present and discuss papers included:

- 1. Internationale Tendenzen sozialistischer Literaturentwicklung.
- 2. Krieg und Faschismus als Gegenstand der Literaturen.
- 3. Mensch, Natur und Zivilisation.
- 4. Auseinandersetzung mit Geschichte und Gegenwart.
- 5. DDR-Literatur in Geschichte und Gegenwart. Methoden ihrer Darstellung.
- 6. DDR-Literatur in der Auseinandersetzung.
- 7. Internationale Aufnahme der DDR-Literatur.

## **BOOK REVIEWS**

<u>Inventur: Lyrisches Tagebuch</u>. By Manfred Streubel. Halle-Leipzig: Mitteldeutscher Verlag, 1978.

It is refreshing to encounter some verse from the GDR which is not patently political, which intends to be neither a provocation nor a warning, offers neither utopias nor bland cliches, but instead is a lyrical defense of a naturally symmetrical world. The "city angel" with scorched wings (of one of these texts) is a metaphorical projection of Streubel, tossing from the towers "Luftballons, knallbunte Botschafts-Bons." Streubel's diary presumes to do not much more than take stock of his immediate world and himself. The 91 texts are confrontations with nature, family, society, and his own past and present.

The seasons, forest and fauna, familiar places and festivals, outdoor work and workers, artists and art, disappointments and hopes, simple pleasures and tasks, solitude and community are his subjects; the tone is fresh and not without humor. At times Streubel mixes poetic and prosaic elements very effectively: mein Junge auf dem Motorrad; Postbotin; alte Mihle. His obsessive use of alliteration, rhyme, and the manner of delaying modifier, subject, or object, however, obtrudes. This collection attests a very good minor

https://newprairiepress.org/gdr/vol5/iss3/9 Karl S. Weimar
DOI: 10.4148/gdrb.v5i3.474 Brown University

poet.

Von Craig bis Brecht: Studien zu Künstlertheorien in der ersten Hälfte des 20. Jahrhunderts. By Joachim Fiebach. Berlin: Henschelverlag, 1975. 392 pages. 15 M.

In his book Von Craig bis Brecht, Joachim Fiebach, Chairman of the Theater Department at the Humboldt University in Berlin, investigates the development of "Theatertheoretisches Denken" from the end of the 18th century to Brecht. In doing so, he touches upon topics, such as reception and communication theory, which are not often discussed in theoretical works from the GDR. In addition, his book contains a wealth of information on the ideologic and aesthetic function of the theater. His method is historical; however, the reciprocal rela; tion between theater and the corresponding cultural/historical background is not developed.

In his analysis of theater development prior to 1917, Fiebach postulates that the tendency to "irrationalize" the theater led to a crisis in theater theory which resulted in new possibilities for development for the theater at the time of the October revolution. After this crisis, Fiebach sees two main tendencies emerge in theatrical theory. one tradition (from Artaud to the Living Theater), theater became ever more mythologized: the product of individual phantasies. It finally dead-ended with the Living Theater in the late 1960's when theatrical production became confused with reality itself. The other major tendency was dominated by Wachtangow, Kerschenzew, Eisenstein, and Piscator. Fiebach sees this trend culminating in the theoretical and practical work of Meyerhold, and above all, Brecht. Brecht's great contribution, according to Fiebach, is in his correct assessment of the "dia lektische Beziehungen zwischen Wirklichkeit und nichtillusionistischem Darstellen," which led to the conclusion that art and reality are not, and should not be, identical. This is no new theoretical approach for those who follow developments in GDR literary theory. And yet it is a valuable and far-reaching book, which contains a wealth of information and insights, particularly on the concept of revolutionary/socialist theater

since 1917.

Joan E. Holmes University of Kansas