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## Conception rates of beef heifers treated with GnRH analog at the time of estrus or at the time of artificial insemination (1989)

### Authors

L.R. Corah, W.E. Beal, M.F. Spire, and Jeffrey S. Stevenson

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## CONCEPTION RATES OF BEEF HEIFERS TREATED WITH GnRH ANALOG AT THE TIME OF ESTRUS OR AT THE TIME OF ARTIFICIAL INSEMINATION<sup>1,2</sup>

L.R. Corah, W.E. Beal,<sup>3</sup>  
J.S. Stevenson, and M.F. Spire<sup>4</sup>

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### Summary

Injecting a GnRH-analog at the time of estrus or at insemination did not generally improve conception rates in heifers inseminated following a synchronized estrus. However, within some herds, a significant positive response was noted.

### Introduction

Recent research in Kansas has shown that gonadotropin releasing hormone (GnRH) has improved conception rates in dairy females, particularly in those inseminated on the second and third estrus. The objective of our study was to determine the efficacy of GnRH in beef heifers following estrus synchronization.

### Experimental Procedures

Three hundred and seventy-nine yearling beef heifers in five commercial Kansas herds were used to determine if administering gonadotropin releasing hormone analog (GnRH-a Fertinelin acetate) improved conception rates following artificial insemination. Heifers in good body condition were fed .5 mg MGA® per head daily for 14 days. Prostaglandin (Lutalyse®) was injected I.M. 17 days after the last day of MGA feeding. Heifers exhibiting a synchronized estrus received 1) no treatment (control), 2) 100 micrograms GnRH-a I.M. at the time of estrus detection (GnRH-E), 3) 50 micrograms of GnRH-a at the time of insemination (GnRH-B-50), or 4) 100 micrograms GnRH-a at the time of insemination (GnRH-B-100). All heifers were inseminated 12 hours after estrus detection. Semen and inseminators were assigned randomly among treatment groups at each location. Data were analyzed by analysis of variance procedures appropriate for categorical data, with location and treatment as main effects.

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<sup>2</sup>Appreciation is expressed to cooperating commercial cattlemen, Gary Johnson, Craig Johnson, Ken Stielow, Larry Wickstrum, and Rodney Oliphant.

<sup>3</sup>Virginia Polytech Institute.

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## Results

Results are shown in Table 7.1. There was no effect due to any GnRH treatments, and the treatment x location interaction was not significant. The administration of 50 micrograms GnRH-a at the time of insemination raised the mean conception rate by 9%, but the effect was not statistically significant.

Table 7.1. Effect of GnRH Treatment at Estrus or at the Time of Artificial Insemination on First Service Conception Rates of Heifers

Treatment	No. Heifers	Conception Rate (%)
<u>3 Locations</u>		
Control	80	71.3
GnRH-B-50	68	80.9
GnRH-B-100	71	76.1
<u>2 Locations</u>		
Control	54	66.7
GnRH-E	49	57.1
GnRH-B-100	57	59.6