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Therapeutic Peptide Sequences and Gatekeepers Loaded with Mesoporous Silica Nanoparticles

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Recommended Citation

Hassen, Dursitu (2019). "Therapeutic Peptide Sequences and Gatekeepers Loaded with Mesoporous Silica Nanoparticles," *Kansas State University Undergraduate Research Conference*.
<https://newprairiepress.org/ksuugradresearch/2019/posters/52>

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Introduction

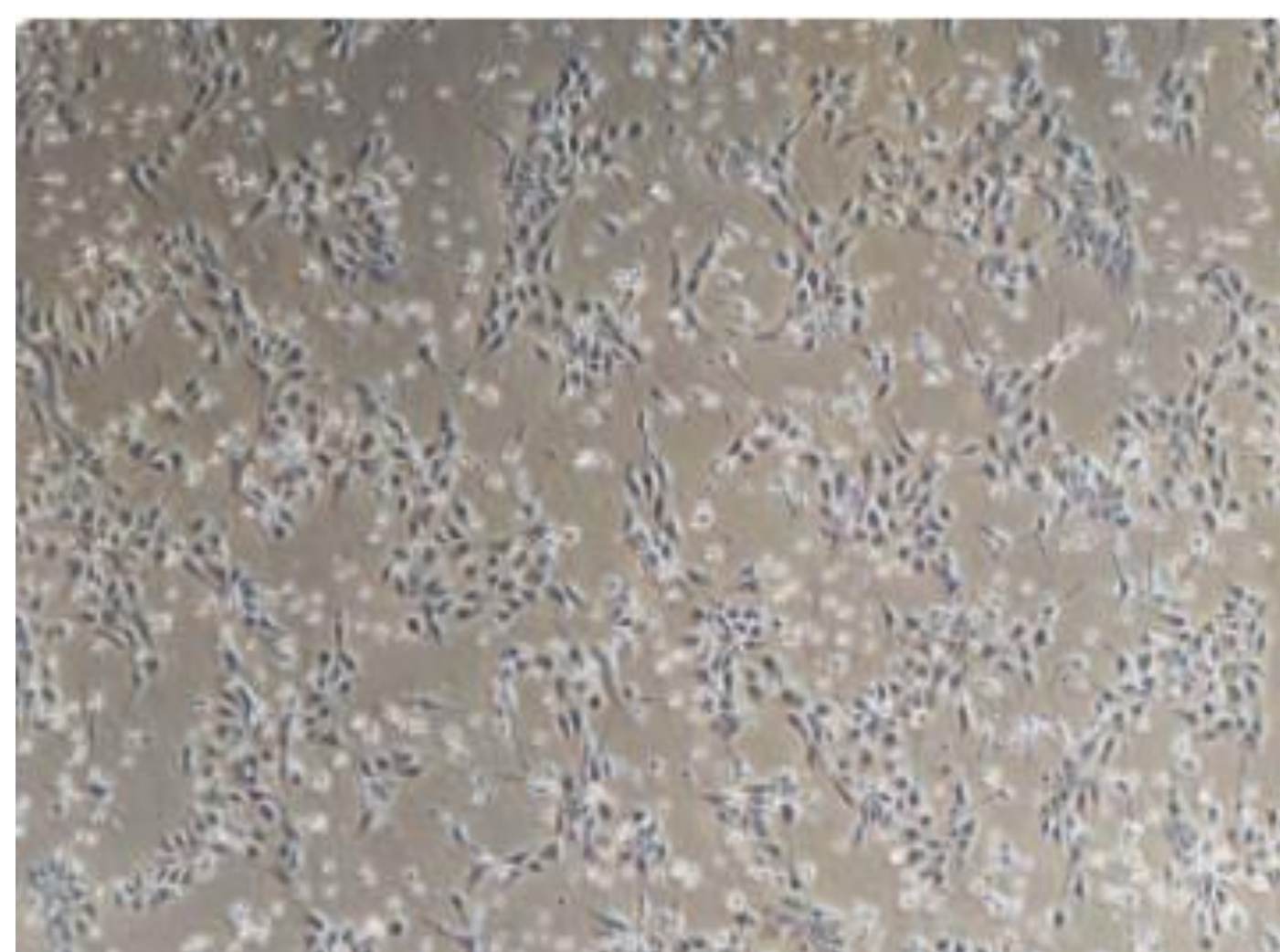
- According to World Health Organization in 2018, nearly 9.6 million people worldwide are estimated to die from cancer.
- Although different kinds of cancer treatments exist, the research communities are continuously developing new ways of delivering anti-cancer treatments to ultimately decrease the side effects and increase the effectiveness of the anti-cancer drugs.
- In our lab, SA-K6L9-AS is enclosed in MSNs using peptide loaded MSN (P-MSNs) Synthesis.
- We then used a gatekeeper system to keep the cargo inside the MSNs and obtain the maximal loading capacity.

Objective

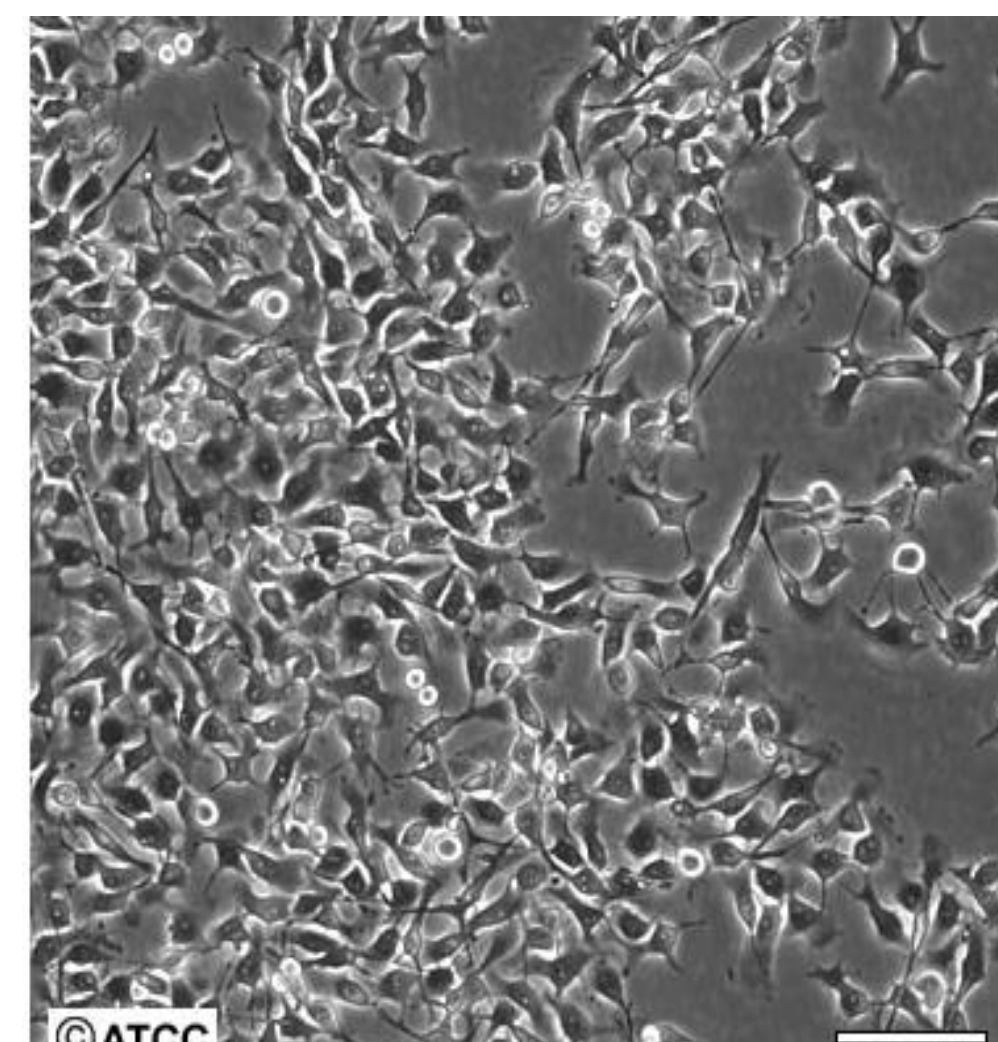
- Synthesize the self-assembling SA-K₆L₉-AS sequences
- Use MSN to “gift wrap” the peptide sequences
- Treat B16F10, GL26 and NSC cells with P-MSN, R-MSN, Tween P-MSN and Tween R-MSN
- Introduce a gate keeping system

Cell Lines

NSC



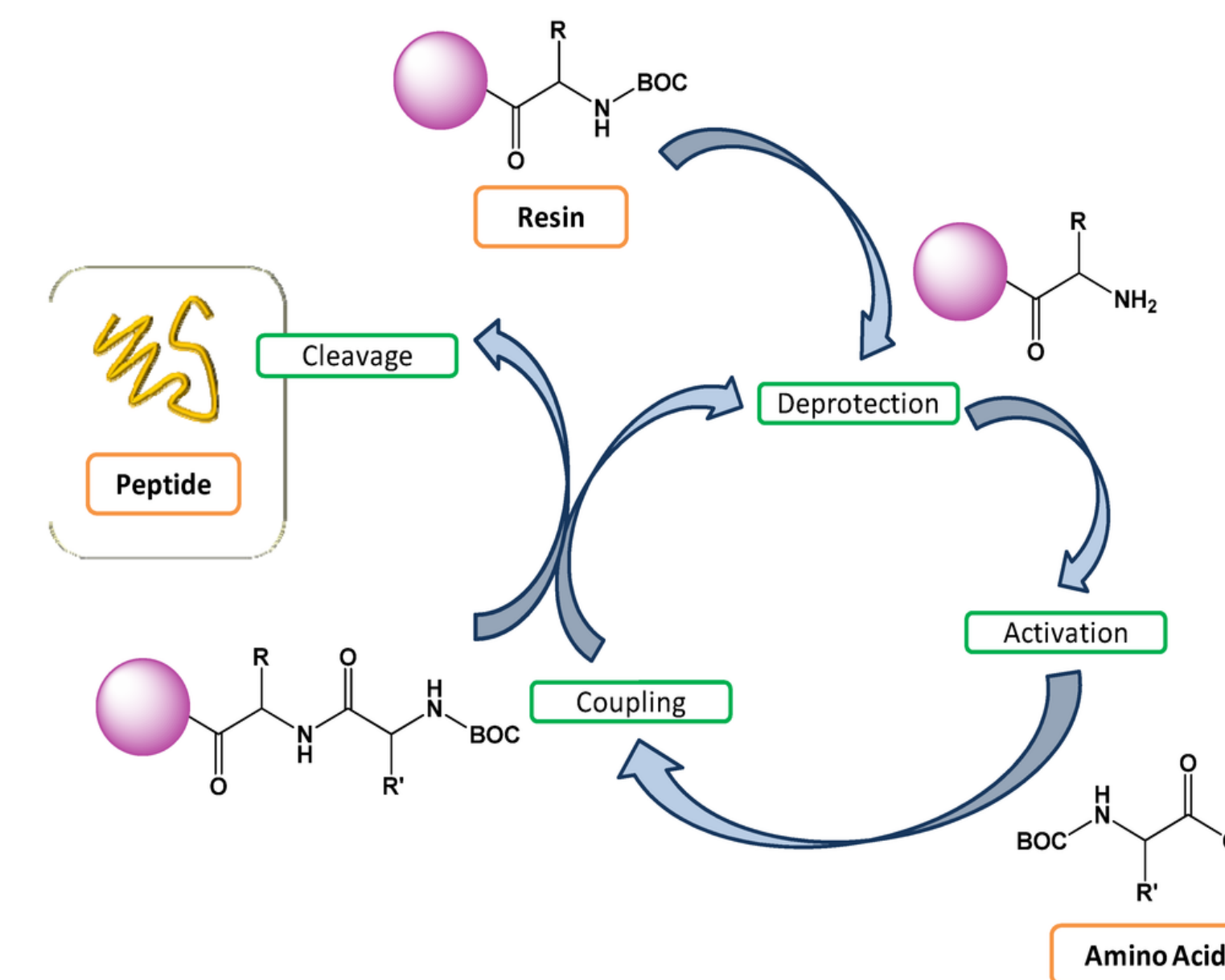
B16F10



B16F10 Murine melanoma
NSC Neutral Stem Cell

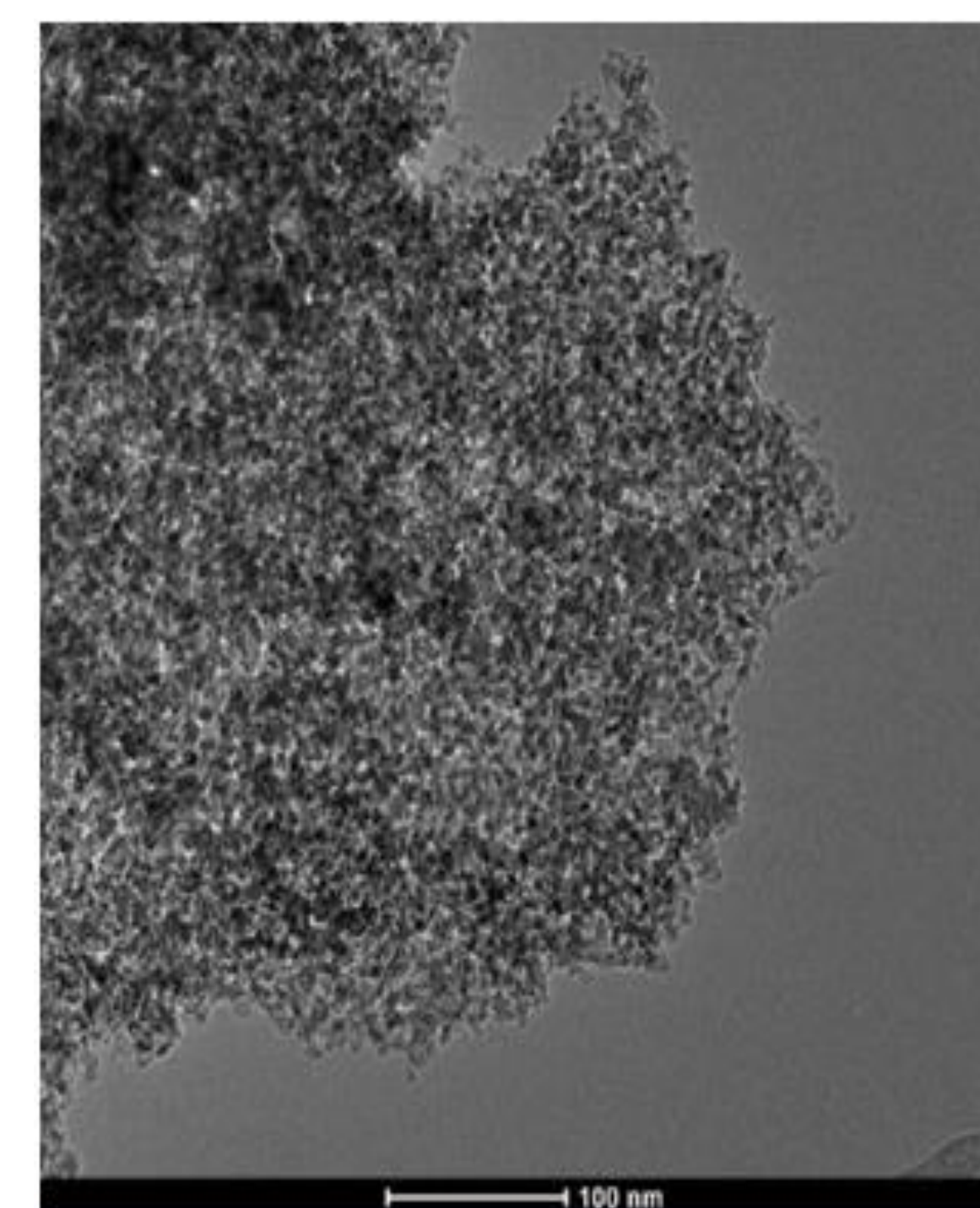
Methods

•Solid Phase Peptide Synthesis

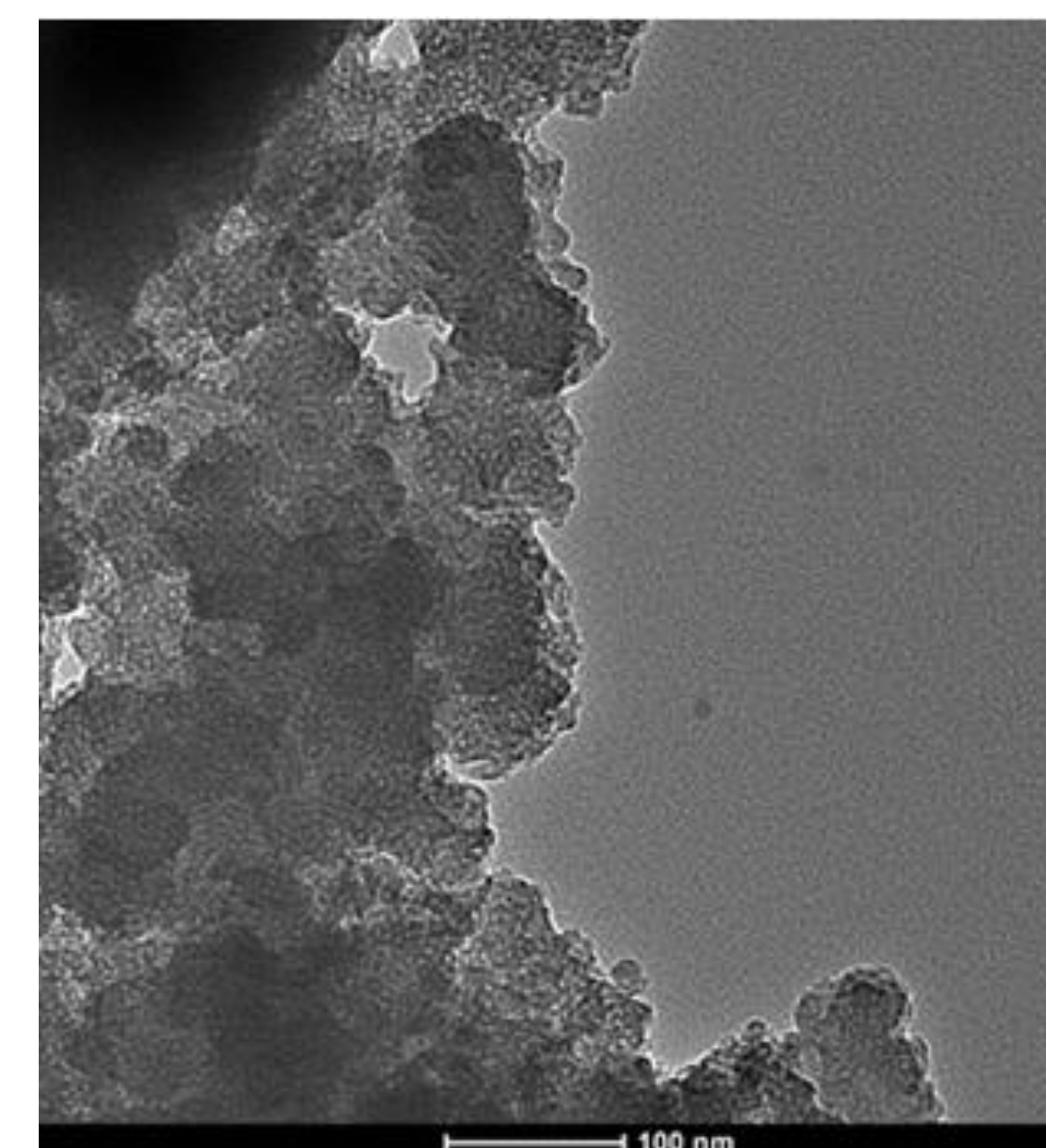


- MSN Synthesis
- Iron Oxide Nanoparticle Synthesis
- Lipid Bilayer Synthesis

TEM Images of P-MSNs and Tween P-MSNs

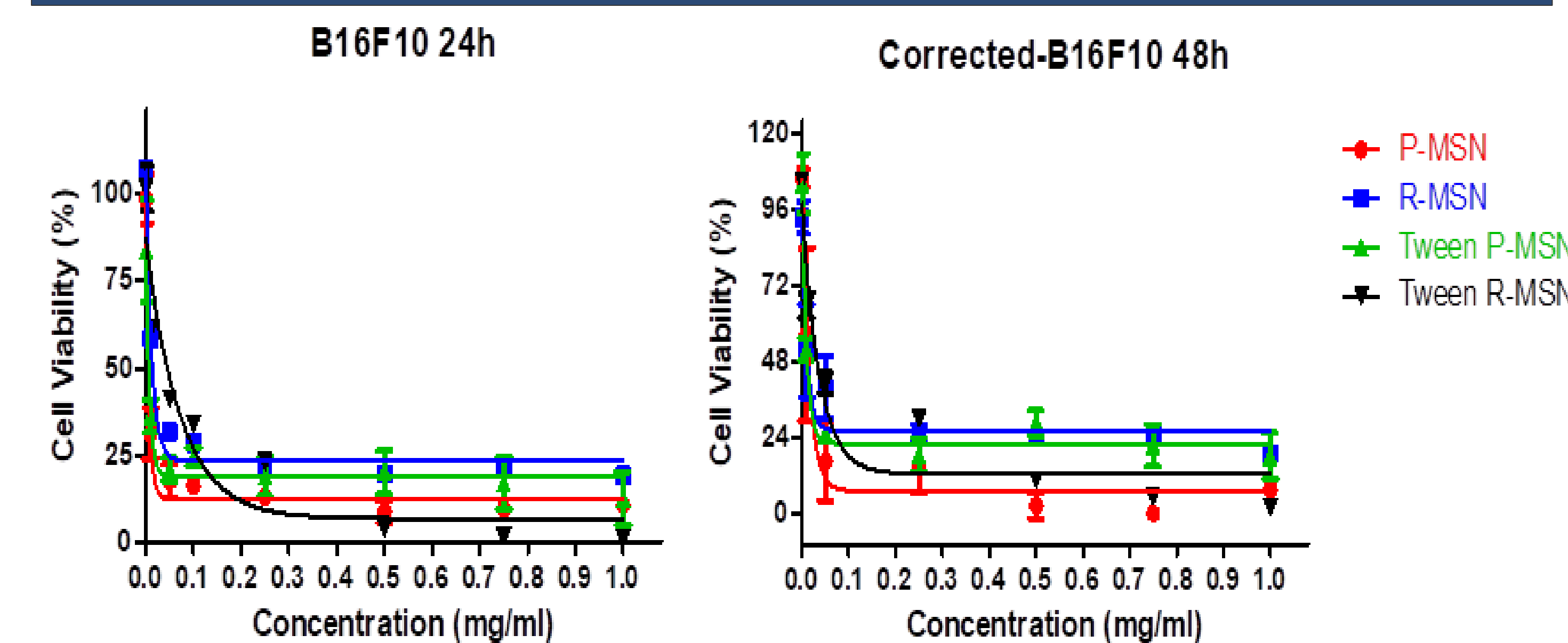


P-MSNs



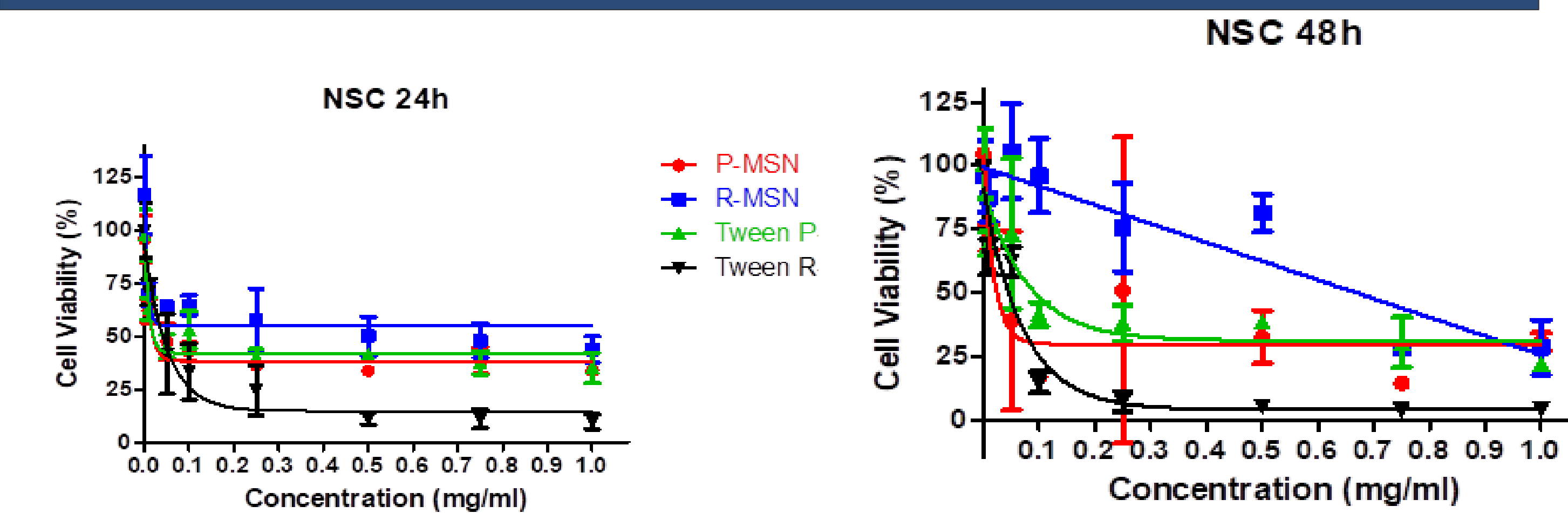
Tween P-MSNs

MTT Assay

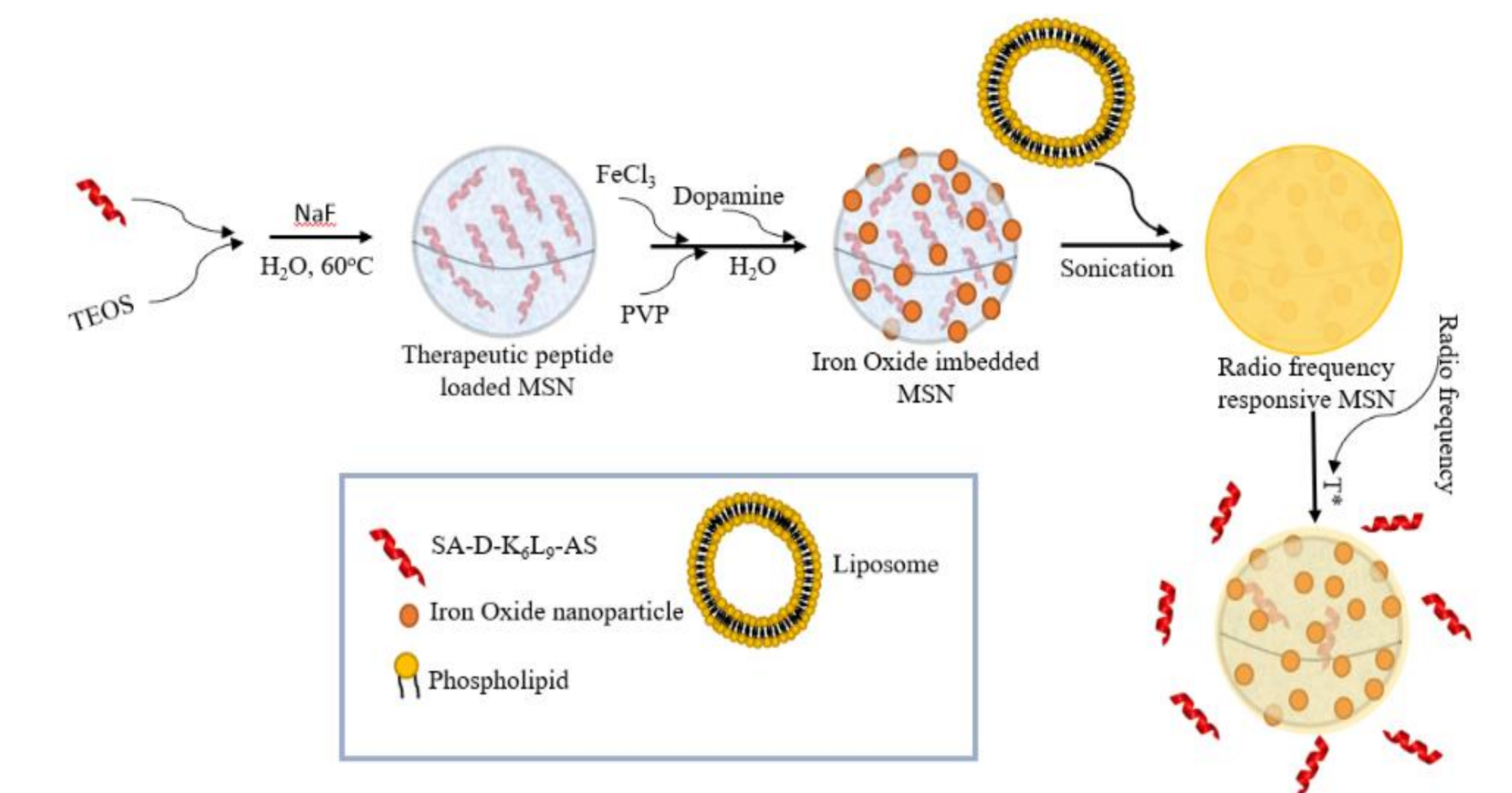


Data analyzed with Graphpad Prism 5. Non-linear fit, exponential one phase decay/ *Linear fit

MTT Assay



Future Work



Conclusion

The center of this project is to increase the maximal loading efficacy of the therapeutic peptide using Tween-based MSN and a gatekeeper. This strategy will prevent the drug from leaking from the MSN before it has reached the targeted site (primary tumor or metastasis).

References

<https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pmc/articles/PMC5535255/>
<https://www.who.int/cancer/en/>
 Lauren Chlebanowski, PhD Thesis, Kansas State University, 2019

Acknowledgments

- The Kansas Louis Stokes Alliance for Minority Participation
- Developing Scholar Program at Kansas State
- Department of Chemistry, Kansas State University