Acronyms Used in Agricultural Literature

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Acronyms Used in Agricultural Literature

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I compiled a list over a period of 3 years while editing manuscripts dealing with more than 20 subjects in agriculture and related areas. The list includes acronyms of all categories defined above that are used frequently in different subject areas. The same acronym sometimes is used for more than one term but in different subject areas. Least frequently, two acronyms are used for the same term. To avoid repetition, some secondary meanings of acronyms are shown in parentheses. Additional words to clarify the meanings are shown in brackets. The list does not include acronyms made up for specific studies, those for agencies (NSF or companies IBM), or chemical abbreviations (N for nitrogen). Capitalized terms are proper nouns, such as names of industry or government programs, procedures, systems, or people or trade names. All agricultural areas may not be represented equally, because I saw fewer manuscripts from some. Also, printing limitations determined the final number of acronyms that could be included in this publication. So this is not an exhaustive list, but I hope it will be useful to editors, county agents, producers, and anyone else who reads agricultural literature.

The publication includes acronyms of agencies (USDA, ARS, Cooperative Extension, etc.), acronyms of programs (CRP, IWM, etc.), acronyms of companies (IBM, etc.), acronyms of chemical substances (N for nitrogen, etc.), acronyms of biological substances and microorganisms (AO, CEW, etc.), acronyms of methods and techniques (ELISA, HPLC, etc.), acronyms of symbols and measurement units (M, °C, etc.), acronyms of diseases (BYDV, BVDV, etc.), acronyms of crops (HRWW, HRSW, etc.), acronyms of knowledge categories (GMO, GLM, etc.), acronyms of materials and properties (GMD, GMP, etc.), acronyms of locations (KANSAS STATE UNIVERSITY, etc.), acronyms of time and date (DHI, DOT, etc.), acronyms of other academic terms (LTER, etc.).
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I compiled a list over a period of 3 years while editing manuscripts dealing with more than 20 subjects in agriculture and related areas. The list includes acronyms of all categories defined above that are used in these different subjects. The same acronym is sometimes used for more than one term but in different subject areas. Less frequently, two acronyms are used for the same term. To avoid repetition, some secondary meanings of acronyms are shown in parentheses. Additional words to clarify the meanings are shown in brackets. The list does not include names of industry or government programs, procedures, systems, or people’s trade names. All acronyms shown in this publication. So this is not an exhaustive list, but I hope it will be useful to editors, county agents, producers, and anyone else who reads agricultural literature.

AA—amino acid, ascobic acid
ACB—acid coach
ACD—acid detergent soluble
ACT—acidic protein
ADL—inactivity
ADL—inactivity
AGP—acid glycoprotein
AI—artificial insemination, active ingredient
AIA—animal industry association
AKU—aquatic nitrogen uptake
ANA—analysing of variance
ANAL—analytical enzymatic activity
APC—anatomical plate count
AP—amino protein
AP—amino protein
APP—animal protein
APSA—animal product stewardship
AAT—animal protein compound
AT—animal protein compound
AVA—animal protein compound
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